

For the Spectator.
TO THE PUBLIC.

It is with no small degree of reluctance that I again appear before you in print; for a controversy of this character I utterly abhor. I am aware that it is a matter of very little importance to you to know what the private difference between Mr. Baldwin and myself may be; but as every honest man has a self-respect and a respect for the truth, against the harsh and degrading epithets of a certain class of men, who, from a frequent repetition of intentional and designing falsehoods have become callous, as well as a compliance with the wishes of some of my friends—must be my apology for noticing the ridiculous article that appeared in the Staunton Spectator of the 21st inst. over the signature of C. C. Baldwin, Esq. Intelligent, impartial and just public, it is to you that I appeal, to say whether or not, my Card, which precedes the scurrilous article I allude to, had any thing in it calculated to call forth such low abuse, without it was the intention of its author to force down the falsehoods it contains, which you would otherwise reluctantly swallow. You will at a mere glance perceive, that this man in not content with misrepresenting the meaning of my Card, but has willfully and maliciously ALTERED my phrasing by omitting words and inserting others to suit his own vile purposes.

This honorable man tells you in the outset of his last Card, that he was ashamed to confess that I was recently if ever a man under the canopy of Heaven told the truth, I believe Baldwin does in this sentence. He has good cause to be "ashamed." But why? Because I have "assumed the responsibility" to draw the mask partly off his face and exposed the natural one. All was well, until I told you "the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth." Then Mr. Baldwin did not appear in as bright colors as he should like to have done and flattered himself that he would do. Hence this malignant article.

He calls his first Card the "unfortunate" one. (Yea, it was "unfortunate." He did not "weigh the matter well." I weighed it and found "it was wanting" IN TRUTH! Then I was struck with the old adage that "Truth would out—and out it came." Mr. B. seems to mourn over his "first" Card. In this respect he is somewhat similar to Buonaparte; for while he mourned over one dead soul, he would drive thousands to a certain death—and while Mr. B. mourns over one lie, he will tell you a thousand others.

He tells you that I told the people of Lexington that the old type were in Richmond, whilst they were actually at the Boat-yard. I point me to the man who asserts this, and I will point you to a man who has been guilty of willful fabrication. At Mr. B's request, I sent the old type to the Boat-yard, and sent my brother with them, who the "forwarding-man" (perhaps Mr. Paxton, who we will introduce presently) told, he would send them off the first opportunity. On my brother's return to Lexington, however, he meets a man with a new boat, who assured him (my brother) he would take the type with him the next day; but owing to the river being very low, he was unable to take the type, in addition to the flour he had engaged. I did not learn this for some days however; consequently I was of the opinion that they were on the river, and probably I may have told some fact. Although I had it in my power to expose Mr. B's hypocrisy to his patrons, I did not have it in my power to make the tide flow up the North River sufficiently to enable the boats to run.

He tells you next, that I am a "little sauce box." Although I am but a youth, this venerable old man has not got me up in the "Apple Tree," and if he has pelted me with epithets harder than "stones," I am not prepared to beg his pardon; but I remain upon the ground, with truth, independence and resentment enough to defend myself against the false calumnies of Mr. Baldwin, whilst the more fastidious whom he has attacked have disclaimed to reply. Hence this epithet.

Again he tells you, he handed me an "open" letter of credit to a house in Richmond—that I read it—expressed myself perfectly satisfied &c. He had handed me an unsealed one telling me it was of that description—(nor did I pretend to doubt it)—I sealed it—paid the postage, but never looked at its contents. But, says this sensitive man, I "insinuated" that he had not ordered the materials, or that his "credit" was not good. I insinuated no such thing. Some four or five weeks elapsed, but no paper or ink came. I then wrote to Messrs. Sumner & Shields (who are my witnesses) in which letter I asked if they had not received a letter of that description from Mr. Baldwin—thinking the letter had been mislaid. As to Mr. B's "credit" (wonder if the man is conscience-stricken), I did not believe there was that man in Lexington, whose circumstances were similar, who had better "credit" than he.

I shall now attempt to prove what I stated in my former Card—which is all I am required to do, in order to confute every thing that Mr. B. has been pleased to assert in his last "unfortunate" Card.

1st. I could not get the house formerly occupied as the office, for another year. Mr. Haughwout (the owner) sent me word that he would give me a certificate to that effect if I wished it. But I am satisfied however, it will not reach here in time. If any one doubts it, such I would ask to call on Mr. H's relations in this place, to whom (as well as many others) he told that he would not rent it for another year. He says he informed me that "could have it two or three weeks longer." Very true, he did. But remember that this was about the first of August; long before suspension was thought of. Now for the "back room!" Every man of common sense and who has ever been in a Printing Office, knows, that a room SEVEN (certainly not more than eight) feet men, would not answer for a printing office, inasmuch as there would not be room to put up the Press. And for me (a practical printer) to say, that it would answer "every purpose" would be downright folly; for intelligent people would not believe it. "That I could not get another house."

The FACT, that Mr. B. has not even now, (or had not seven days ago) a house, I suppose is sufficient proof that I could not get one. Oh! but Mr. B. has one "engaged." So had I one "engaged," fellow-citizens, but it had a TENANT. Here now is positive proof that "no other could be obtained."

2nd. "That we were out of paper"—Mr. Baldwin and Mr. Haughwout tell you there was a "bundle or more paper in the office." There was but EIGHTEEN quires of printing paper in the office—and we used every week, twenty-one, one quite more than a ream. But a Mr. Thomas Paxton tells you that several "bundles of paper arrived at the Boat-yard, about the 16th of September." Well, that's very true—but what does that signify? Remember, reader, that the 16th September, was three weeks after suspension. "That I had been borrowing ink," the following certi-

cate from a highly respectable gentleman, known to you all, will prove:
"This is to certify that I loaned D.A. Stoffer printer's ink, two different times prior to the suspension of the Gazette. Given under my hand, this 21st Nov. 1839."

SAMUEL GILLOCK.
3rd. "That I received a letter from Mr. B. requesting me to send off the old type in the Office." Well, here it is, copied from the original: "My object in writing to you is, to send off the old type in the office and exchange them for New. Don't neglect this matter, Stoffer. I hardly think it necessary to wait—however, off with them the very day you receive this. Direct them to Bruce's Foundry, N. Y., care of Messrs. Sumner & Shields, Richmond, Va. Try and have every thing ready by the time I return and I will put my shoulder to the wheel." Here now, is so much of his letter as alludes to the office, with the exception that he directed what kind of type to order for the body of the paper, and informing me where I could procure a "Specimen Book" to make a selection of such other type as we might want. Mr. B. in reviewing my Card, says that I told you that he requested me to send off "ALL" the type. Here is a willful falsehood. I do not use the word "all" in the whole sentence—nor does Mr. Baldwin in his letter to me. But he might as well attempt to stop the Niagara in its mad career and hurl back its waters, as to attempt to convince me that this was NOT his meaning. This, too, is the opinion of a large number of respectable gentlemen who have read the original letter, of which the above is an extract.

Mr. Boyd read this to him, says Mr. Haughwout, "all could spare." I have always regarded him as a man of truth, nor do I believe he would tell a falsehood knowingly; (suffice it to say this was a dream) for I know Boyd never had Baldwin's letter in his hand. I will here state that there was not type enough in the office to set up more than one side of the paper at a time—therefore, I had none to "spare," (with the exception of about 100 pounds of pi. There were a great many "kinds" of type without "sorts," therefore, we had to use a little of all "kinds" to get "sorts" enough for one side.

As to the advice of some of the "patrons," he does not deny.

He denies that "I was not the first." Why Mr. Baldwin, your memory is quite as treacherous in relation to this matter, as it was in relation to your letter to me. "There is none so dull as he that will not understand." I allude, sir, to your "Prospectus," issued in May last, in which Mr. Gillock was your victim.

"The suspension was owing to my intolerable laziness." His object in making this assertion is so plain, that "the wayfaring man though a fool, cannot err therein." Every intelligent man knows, if this were true, I would be working against my own interest.

Now that I am nearly through, I will say, that God is my witness when I assert that when I suspended the Gazette, I acted with the dictates of my conscience, which is His law. And to you who were my patrons, I will say, that while I had the editorial charge of the Gazette, if I did not make it interesting it was owing entirely to my inability, nor for the want of a desire to do so. And to the public I will say, that it is a hard case in this land of liberty, a young man who is just at the age when he must establish his character for life, cannot withdraw his connection from a man with whom he knows he cannot make a respectable living, without being attacked with epithets, too degrading to emanate from the pen of the most unprincipled member of Botany Bay. My principal reason for withdrawing, I made known to my most intimate friends. (As it was a mere rumor, it will not do to put on paper.) Next, Mr. Baldwin wrote to me about the time of the meeting of the Staunton Convention, instructing the delegates from Rockbridge, to "advocate the claims of either Scott or Harrison," and announcing his intention to do so on his return. I knew Mr. B. was as proud as a peacock and as stubborn as an Ass—that he would do it—and if he did, his subscribers would leave him. Here now, are my reasons for withdrawing. Was I not right?

In conclusion, I lay my defence before you, with no fears, knowing that the INTELLIGENT will do me justice, while to others I say, in the language of one wiser than myself:

"Convince a root against his will,
And he is of the same opinion still."
Now, I hope I am done with PAPER controversies.

P. S. When Mr. B. procures a house for an office, I hope he will give this a place.

D. A. STOFFER.

FOR THE SPECTATOR.
"Answer a fool according to his folly."

I would respectfully inform the editor of "The Star" that his last ebullition of arrogance and vanity, has had the effect of resending me to my friends as at the Lunatic Asylum. I would reciprocate his kind advice, by urging his claims before the directors, were it not for the fact, that they positively refuse to admit idiots into the institution.

A friend to Kalamazoo.

Secret worth knowing.—How to make three pair of boots last as long as six, and longer:

SEASONABLE HINTS.—The following extract from Col. Macerone's Seasonable Hints, appeared in the Mechanics Magazine, dated February 3, 1838. After stating the utility of sheepskin clothing, for persons whose employment renders it necessary that they should be much out of doors, &c. he says:—"I will not conclude without inviting the attention of your readers to a cheap and easy method of preserving their feet from wet, and their boots from wear. I have only had three pair of boots for the last six years, (no shoes,) and I think that I shall not require any others for the next six years to come! The reason is: I put a pot of tallow and a half pound of rosin into a pot on the fire; when melted and mixed, I warm the boots, and apply the hot stuff with a painter's brush, until neither the sole nor upper leathers will suck in any more. If it is desired that the boots should immediately take a polish, dissolve an ounce of bees' wax in an ounce of spirits of turpentine, to which add a teaspoonful of lamp-black. A day or two after the boots have been treated with the tallow and rosin, rub over them the wax in turpentine, but not before the fire. Thus the exterior will have a coat of wax alone, and shine like a mirror. Tallow, or any other grease, becomes rancid, and rots the stichings as well as the leather; but the rosin gives it an antiseptic quality which preserves the whole. Boots or shoes should be so large as to admit of wearing in them cork soles. Cork is so bad a conductor of heat, that, with it in the boot, the feet are always warm on the coldest stone floor."

Married.
On Tuesday evening the 16th, at the residence of Mr. Willis Garth, in Albemarle county, by the Rev. Mr. White, Mr. George M. M'INTIRE to Miss CATHERINE A. CLARKE, daughter of the late Dr. Thomas Clarke, of this county.

OBITUARY.

DIED, in this place, on Thursday the 21st, after a lingering illness of many years duration, Miss ELIZABETH MORRIS, in the 69th year of her age.

The subject of this notice, may be truly said to have been no ordinary woman—with some eccentricities, she combined many of the noblest virtues that adorn the human character—for her open candour and unobscured adherence to truth, she was proverbial thro' a long life; and while she was distinguished for a rigid punctuality in all her dealings, she was never known to refuse her aid when charity or distress knocked at her humble door.—Peace to her ashes.—(Com.)

DIED, at the Western Lunatic Asylum of Va. on Monday the 26th inst., Dr. RICHARD COCHRAN, late of Middleburg, Loudoun county, Va., aged about 63 years.

From the Lynchburg Virginian, Nov. 21. Died, at his residence, near this place, on yesterday morning, the 20th inst. after a lingering illness, WILLIAM DANIEL, Esq. for many years past one of the Judges of the General Court of this Commonwealth. Mr. D. possessed a mind of great strength and accuracy, well stored with legal knowledge. He was a member of the Virginia Legislature during the memorable session of '98-99, and was a zealous advocate of Madison's Report and Resolutions. He was left a wife and four children, and a large circle of acquaintances, to lament his loss.

DIED, in Mobile, on the 29th of October, of yellow fever, W. W. FRY, Esq. in the 43d year of his age, son of Col. John Fry of Bath county, Va.

Seldom has it fallen to our lot to notice the death of any particular individual, for we have never approved of indiscriminate obituary notices; but in this instance, we feel assured that we are but performing an honest part, and only rendering praise where praise is justly due.

The life and conduct of Mr. Fry in his boyhood, and in his native State, was such as to gain him the approbation of all his associates, and the confidence of him who had the first care over him after he left his parental roof. In his manhood, and for the last fifteen years of his life, he has conducted a large business in Mobile—during which time, he has constantly commanded the respect, esteem, and love of all who knew him. He was liberal, generous and just—quick in his perception, clear in his judgment, determined in his purpose, and always ready to act, and promptly, in obedience to these unerring guides in life. He has left a widow and an only son and three brothers, and the whole community here, to mourn his loss, and in Virginia, (his native State) two highly honored parents, and numerous other relations and friends, to lament his death. These have cause most deeply to feel, but the circle in which he moved, and the community in which he lived, sustain the heavy blow. To his friends here, it is highly gratifying, and to his distant relations and friends, it can be but a source of the highest pleasure to know, that he closed his life with a perfect resignation to the will of Heaven, and confidence in the goodness of his God.—Mobile Advertiser & Chronicle.

Died, in this place, on Tuesday last, Mrs. MARY JANE MCCARTNEY, wife of Mr. David McCartney, and daughter of Mr. Robt. Ptoemey, late of Bath county, Virginia.
Palmira (Mo.) Whig.

PUBLIC SALE.
THE subscriber will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 10th of December next, at Barberbrook, Augusta County, Va. on a credit of six months, a variety of property consisting of

DRY GOODS,
Hardware, Queensware, Iron, Steel, Flaxseed, Rye, Corn, a valuable Draft Horse, one riding Nag, two Cows, &c.

There will also be offered for hire, and perhaps for sale, at the same time and place, a stout heavy

NEGRO WOMAN,
about 27 years of age, who is without incumbrance, and capable of doing any kind of house & kitchen work. Terms will be made known on the day of sale, and due attendance given by the subscriber.
GEORGE E. CRAIG.
Nov. 28.

TO SELL,
THAT well known stand for a Blacksmith Shop, Tilt Hammer, and FARM, formerly belonging to John Garvin, on the Middle River, near Hanger's Mill.
With the shop, there are two sets of Blacksmith Tools.—There are about

180 ACRES OF LAND.
There is, perhaps, no better stand for a Blacksmith—and the water power being of such force and permanency as to make it desirable for any sort of Machinery, Foundry, &c. Terms of Sale will be made accommodating.
WM. MILLS.
Nov. 28.

Trustee's Sale.
By virtue of a deed of Trust, executed to me by Jeremiah Fuller, bearing date the 15th day of May, 1838, and duly recorded in the County Court office of Augusta, I shall proceed to sell for cash, to the highest bidder, at the shop of said Fuller, in Staunton, on Monday the 9th of December next, the following property, viz:

7 pair of Ear Drops, 12 Gilt Slides, 66 Breast Pins, 4 plain Gilt Rings, 12 set Gold Rings, 17 Gold and plated Watch Seals, 18 Gold & plated Watch Keys, two pair of Silver Spectacles, 18 Silver Thimbles, 14 pair Gilt Ear Drops, 18 spoons Steel Wire, 5 Snuff Boxes, 6 dozen Watch Glasses.
Acting as Trustee, I shall convey such title only as is vested in me by the deed aforesaid.
JEFFERSON KINNEY, Trustee.
Nov. 28, 1839.

At a Court continued and held for Augusta County, October, 31st, 1839.
James Taylor, jr. John O. Taylor, John Trimble, guardian of George W. Taylor, and Samuel K. Taylor, John Trimble, guardian of Sarah F. Taylor, Juliet C. Taylor, Mary Susan, and Emily J. Taylor, plaintiffs,
AGAINST
James Taylor, Adm'r. of John Taylor dec'd., Mary C. Taylor, David Points, and Sidney Kyle, and Eliza H. his wife, John L. Pitzer, and Harriet A. his wife, and Jefferson Kinney, guardian ad litem, for George W. Taylor, Samuel K. Taylor, Sarah T. Taylor, Juliet C. Taylor, Mary Susan Taylor, and Emily J. Taylor, children of John Taylor, defendants.

This cause came on again to be heard this 31st day of October, 1839, on the papers formerly read, and was argued by counsel, whereupon it is adjudged, ordered and decreed, that James Points, who is hereby appointed a Commissioner for that purpose, after having advertised the time and place of sale in some newspaper published in Staunton, for at least four weeks, shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the undivided moiety of the TRACT OF WOODLAND in the bill mentioned, owned by John Taylor, dec'd., in partnership with John C. Sowers, on the following terms: One-third of the purchase money to be paid on the 1st of January, 1840, and the balance in one, and two years from that date, taking bond with approved security for the deferred payments. That said Commissioner also sell in the same way, on the same terms, the House and Lot in Waynesborough, the vacant Lot in Waynesborough, and the House and two Lots in Staunton, in the bill mentioned. It is further ordered, that Jacob Pointsbe, and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner, who after advertising the time and place of sale, in some newspaper published nearest the land, shall sell the land in the bill mentioned, lying in Moulton Valley, Alabama, to the highest bidder, at public auction, on the following terms: One-fourth of the purchase money to be paid on the 1st day of January, 1840, the balance in one, two and three years from that date, taking bond and good security for the purchase money, and retaining a lien on the land for the further security, and that said Commissioners report their proceedings to this Court.

A Copy—Teste,
JEFFERSON KINNEY, Clerk.
Nov. 28.

IN pursuance of the above Order, I shall on Thursday the 26th day of December next, in the Town of Staunton, in front of the Post-Office, proceed to sell to the highest bidder, the interest of said Taylor, in the Land held by him and John C. Sowers, Esq., and also the House and Two Lots in the Town of Staunton, on the terms mentioned in said order. And on Saturday the 28th of the same month, in the Town of Waynesborough, I shall proceed to sell the House and Lot in said town; and also the vacant Lot therein also, to the highest bidder, on the terms mentioned in said order.
JAMES POINTS, Com'r.
Nov. 28.

Mrs. ANN P. SMITH:
Madam.—As you are not a resident of this Commonwealth, and have no known agent therein, you will please to take notice that, on the 27th of December 1839, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M. and 4 P. M., at the store of George E. Craig, in the village of Barberbrook, we will proceed to take the depositions of Benjamin Larow and others, which depositions, when taken, we will offer as evidence on the trial of a suit in Chancery now depending in the County Court of Augusta, wherein we are plaintiffs, and you and others are defendants. If, however, from any cause the said depositions should not be completed on that day, the same will be continued from day to day, at the same place, and between the hours aforesaid, until completed.
DAVID GUTHRIE,
GUTHRIE & MARTIN.
Nov. 28, 1839.

JOHN R. COOKE,
(LATE OF WINCHESTER.)
HAS commenced the practice of Law in Richmond. He will attend the Court of Appeals, and the other Superior Courts, (State and Federal,) held in this city. He will also attend the Western Court of Appeals at Lewisburg, regularly, from the beginning to the end of each term.
Richmond, Nov. 14, 1839.

STAUNTON LYCEUM.
A Lecture will be delivered before this society in the Presbyterian Church, on the evening of Saturday the 30th inst, by Col. Wm. H. ALLEN, on the subject of Colonization.—A full attendance of the members is requested, and the public are respectfully invited to attend.
J. W. SMITH, pres't.
Nov. 21.

NOTICE.
FOR all those who are fond of drinking good TEA, another chest of superior quality has just been received by the subscriber.
M. BLAIR.
N. B.—He has also just received a fresh supply of SCREEN WIRE, 18 inches wide, No. 4 and 8.
Staunton, Nov. 21—2t

FOR SALE,
A Negro female Servant, aged about 25 years—she can sew, spin, wash, cook, weave, &c.—in fact in point of qualifications as an efficient house servant, she is of an extra grade. The Editor of this paper can inform any person wishing to purchase such a servant as is herein described, who the owner is, and his whereabouts.
Nov. 21, 1839.—3t

NOTICE.
A petition will be presented to the next General Assembly of Virginia, praying that the precinct election now held at the House of Robert Dunlap, in Augusta County, be changed to Deerfield, in said county.
Nov. 14, 1839.

TANNER WANTED.
A Steady, industrious, man, may hear of a pleasant situation, by dropping a line to the Post Master at Hardin's Tavern, Albemarle County, Va.—stating terms, qualifications and recommendations.—A single man, or one with a small family would be preferred.
Nov. 21—3t

BELL TAVERN,
STAUNTON, Va.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has removed from the house lately occupied by him, 19 miles from Staunton, on the Jennings' Gap Road, to the Warm Springs, to the Bell Tavern, in Staunton; where he is prepared to accommodate travellers and others who may call on him, in a comfortable style. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Boarders taken by the week, month or day, and furnished with comfortable rooms.
WM. H. GARBER.
Staunton, Nov. 21, 1839.—6t
Rockingham Register will insert 3t

LEBANON FOR RENT.

THE subscriber wishes to rent this well known establishment, nineteen miles from Staunton, on the Stage road to the Warm Springs, and on the Turnpike from Harrisonburg to the Warm Springs, which has been occupied for a number of years as a public house. A good tenant, who will keep it well, shall have an advantageous bargain. There are about

200 Acres of Cleared Land,
under good fence, and a fine meadow. Possession given immediately. Any one wishing to rent will please call on the subscriber.
M. GARBER.
Nov. 21, 1839.

Jewelry, Watches, &c.

THE subscriber having purchased the interest of A. T. Peebles, in the Jewelry Store, lately opened by him in Staunton, and recently occupied by Wm. Young, has permanently located himself here for the purpose of conducting the business in all its various branches.
Having provided himself with fine materials, tools, &c. he feels prepared to offer his services to the public, and will repair all kinds of fine watches, clocks, &c. which may be entrusted to his care. Having had considerable experience in his profession, he hopes he will be able to please those who may favor him with their custom. He will keep on hand

Gold and Silver Lever Watches,
Plain Silver do.
Gold and Silver Pencils,
Gold Buttons.
Fine enameled Breast Pins,
Fine enameled Pearl & Paste Rings,
Coral Gold Clasps,
Silver and Silver-plated Ware,
with a variety of articles all of which he is disposed to sell on accommodating terms.
A. ROBINSON.
Staunton, Nov. 21, 1839.

To Delinquent Stockholders in the Valley Turnpike Company.
I am directed to call your attention to the advertisement of your Treasurer which will be found in this and several preceding papers—and respectfully to inform you, that upon me devolves the very painful duty of visiting, by notice, every one of you, who shall remain delinquent after the 1st day of December next.

The situation of the affairs of the Company renders this proceeding indispensable, as well in duty to themselves, as to you, and those who have paid up promptly.
I am, very respectfully,
Gentlemen, your obdt. serv't.
ERASMUS STRIBLING,
on behalf of Turnpike Company.
Nov. 21, 1839.—1tD

TAILORING.
HENRY BARE
TAKES this opportunity of returning his thanks to the citizens of Staunton, and of Augusta county generally, for the very liberal encouragement which he has received, and would inform them that he has made every arrangement for the satisfactory management of his enlarged business.

He has secured the services of a number of competent workmen, and hopes by his unwearied attention to business to be able to render entire satisfaction to all his customers. He has received the

Fall and Winter Fashions
for 1839, and '40. A full suit of clothes will be made at any time in twenty-four hours, if desired.

One or two JOURNEYMEN wanted immediately.
Staunton, Nov. 21, 1839.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ALL persons who have claims against the estate of the late Timothy Cunningham, dec'd. of Augusta, whether sustained by note, account or otherwise, are hereby required to present them as soon as may be for settlement and adjustment. All persons who are indebted to the said estate, are in like manner requested to make immediate payment—the situation of the estate makes it my imperative duty to settle it up, and close it, with as little delay as practicable.
J. B. BRECKINRIDGE, Adm'r.
of Timothy Cunningham, dec'd.
Nov. 21.

Morus Multicaulis FOR SALE.
THE subscribers have for sale a quantity of the genuine MORUS MULTICAULIS CUTTINGS and ROOTS of our own raising, some of them measure from 6 to 9 feet high. Also a quantity of SILK WORM EGGS, of the most approved kinds, (viz.) Mammoth Grey, Imperial White, Mammoth White, 2 Crop White, &c.—all of our own raising. Application made to either of the subscribers, by letter, to Mount Horeb, P. O. Nelson County, Va. (post paid,) will be duly attended to.
WM. C. ROBERTS.
HAWES GRAVES.
Mt. Horeb, Nov. 21, 1839.—1t

DEAF AND DUMB, AND BLIND SCHOOL,
AT STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.

This Institution will open for the reception of pupils on the 15th day of November next. The Terms and conditions of admittance will be as follows:

1st. The Institution will provide for each pupil, board, lodging, and washing; the constant superintendence of health, conduct, manners and morals; fuel, candles, stationery, and other incidental expenses of the school room, for which, including tuition, there will be an annual charge of \$120.

2d. In case of sickness the necessary extra charges will be made.

3rd. No pupil will be received for a less term than two years; and no deduction will be made on account of vacation or absence, except in case of sickness.

4th. Payments are always to be made six months in advance; for the punctual fulfillment of which, and the continuance of the pupil for two years, except in case of sickness or dismissal by the visitors, satisfactory bond and security will be required.

5th. Each Deaf mute applying for admission, must not be under 7 or over 25 years of age, and in the case of the Blind, not under 7 or over 18; under peculiar circumstances this rule may be departed from at the discretion of the Executive committee. In every instance the pupil must be of good natural intellect, free from any immorality of conduct, or from any contagious disease; of which a satisfactory certificate will be required.

6th. Each pupil shall, on admission, be provided by his parents or guardian with sufficient changes of comfortable clothing with the name of the owner marked on each article; the clothes must be renewed by the parents or guardians when required, otherwise they will be furnished by the institution and charged to such parents or guardians.

7th. In case the parents or guardians are unable to defray the expenses of pupils, if residents of the State of Virginia, they will be educated and furnished gratuitously by the institution.

When a pupil is sent to the Institution, unless accompanied by a parent or some friend, who can give the necessary information concerning such pupil, a written statement should be sent as to his or her name; the year, month and day of birth; the names in full of his or her parents, brothers and sisters; the place of his residence; whether he or she was born deaf or blind, or if not, what caused his or her deafness or blindness; and also the name or direction of the person to whom letters respecting such pupils may be addressed. The vacations will be determined on hereafter.

All letters in relation to the admission of pupils, address to the undersigned.
NICHOLS C. KINNEY, Sec'y.
Staunton, Oct. 10, 1839.

JUST RECEIVED.
HULL'S Patent hard CANDLES, by the Box, or single pound.
E. BERKELEY & Co.
Nov. 28.

NATH'L. B. LONG,
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has just received and opened a general assortment of Goods—consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps.

He would ask attention to an assortment of ENGLISH GUNS, which he flatters himself cannot fail to please.

He has also received a large stock of Red Spanish SOLE LEATHER.

From his close attention to business, and a determination to sell cheap, he hopes to receive a share of public patronage.
Staunton, Nov. 14, 1839.

PUBLIC SALE.
THE subscriber will offer at public sale, on Friday the 29th of this month, on the farm recently sold by him to Mr. Joseph Smith, all his personal property on said farm, comprising about ONE HUNDRED HEAD OF HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP AND HOGS, TWO WAGGONS, PLOUGHS, HARROWS, GEAR, &c.—and also a CARRIAGE AND HARNESS.

Terms.—For all sums of five dollars or under, cash—for all sums over five dollars, twelve months credit on bond with approved security.
ROBT. S. BROOKE.
Nov. 14, 1839.—4t

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY OF MEDICINES, viz:
Flour of Slippery Elm, (a new article,) Camphor, Opium, Liquid Opodeldoid, Godfrey's Cordial, &c.

And numerous other articles in the Drug Line, which they are determined to sell as low as they can be bought any where else in the Valley. Also, a handsome assortment of CONFECTIONARY.

E. BERKELEY & CO.
Staunton, Oct. 31, 1839.

Virginia, to wit:
At a Court continued and held for Augusta County, October 21st, 1839.
Peter Rubush and Elizabeth his wife, late Elizabeth Beard—plaintiffs
AGAINST
Jacob Beard and Eliza Ann Beard, infant children of Samuel Beard, dec'd., under the age of twenty-one years—Peter Teter and Molly his wife—defendants.

IN CHANCERY.
This day came the plaintiffs by counsel, and filed their bill against the defendants, and on motion, James A. Cochran is assigned guardian to the infant defendants to defend them in this suit; and the defendants, Peter Teter and Molly his wife, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this Court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: It is ordered, that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the January Term next, and answer the bill of the plaintiffs, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in the town of Staunton for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house of this County.

Copy—Teste,
JEFFERSON KINNEY, Ctl.